

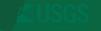
### Monitoring and Forecasting of Floods Across FEWS NET Regions to Inform Food Security Outcomes

Shahriar Pervez<sup>1</sup>, Michael Budde<sup>1</sup>, James Rowland<sup>1</sup>, Kimberly Sliniski<sup>2,3</sup>, Amy McNally<sup>2</sup>, and James Verdin<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>U.S. Geological Survey, <sup>2</sup>NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, <sup>3</sup>University of Maryland Earth System Science Interdisciplinary Center, <sup>4</sup>U.S. Agency for International Development

Contact: spervez@usgs.gov, Tel: +1.605.594.6838

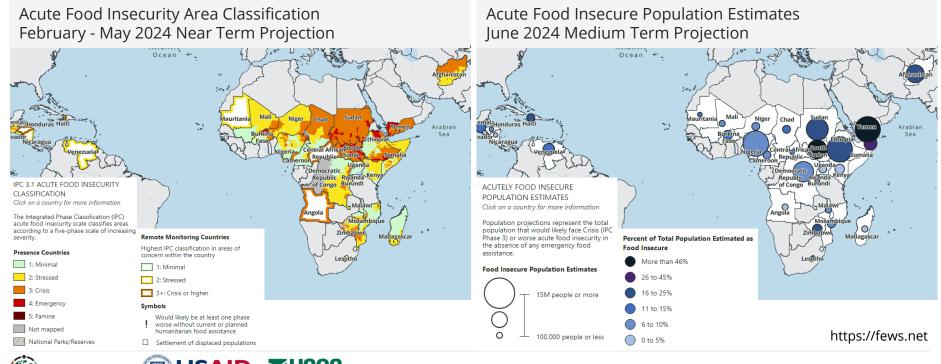
March 06, 2024



# **Famine Early Warning Systems Network**

OM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

- FEWS NET monitors and provides early warning analysis of ongoing, imminent, or emerging threats to food security around the world.
- FEWS NET analyses advises USAID on the need for humanitarian assistance for those populations most vulnerable to food cirses.

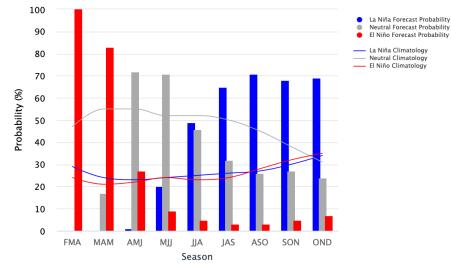


## **Climate Modes**

• El Niño and the Southern Oscillation (ENSO) and Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD) Forecast.

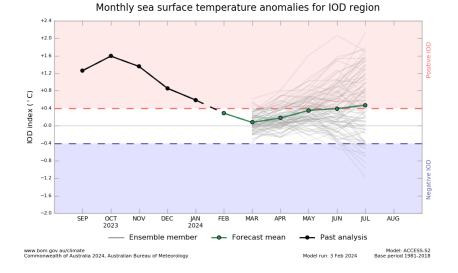
Mid-February 2024 IRI Model-Based Probabilistic ENSO Forecasts

ENSO state based on NINO3.4 SST Anomaly Neutral ENSO: -0.5  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  to 0.5  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 



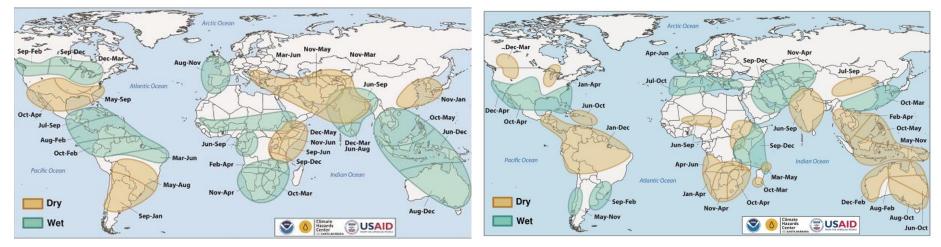
 High probability for El Niño to continue (> 80%) through May 2024





• IOD in neutral mode (+0.17), and likely to persist through July 2024

# **Climate Mode Impacts**



### **During La Niña**

### **During El Niño**

- La Niña: wetter than average in Western and Southern Africa.
- El Niño: Wetter than average in Eastern Horn of Africa and Central Asia.



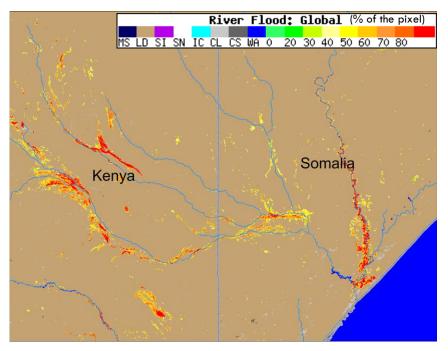
### **Visible Infrared Imaging Radiometer Suite (VIIRS)**

- The VIIRS flood products provide maximal flood extent during a flood event from the VIIRS Near Real Time flood maps of Suomi-NPP and NOAA-20.
- Routinely provides daily and 5-day compositing flood product at 375m x 375m resolution.

The composite products are available at this link: https://www.ssec.wisc.edu/flood-map-demo/ftp-link/ftp-link-VIIRS5day/

Historical data are available here: https://noaa-

jpss.s3.amazonaws.com/index.html#JPSS\_Blended\_Products/VFM\_ 5day\_GLB/ShapeZIP/

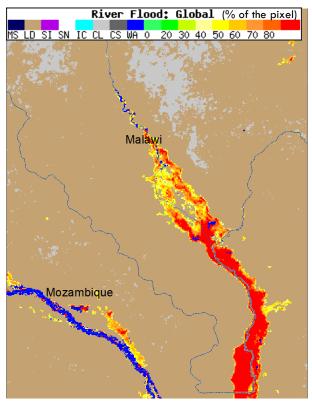


VIIRS 5-day composite.: 22 – 26 Nov 2023

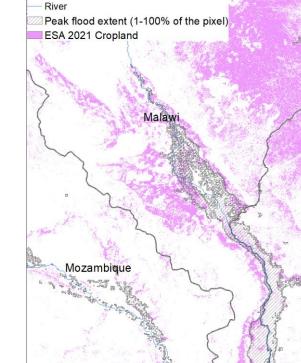


# **Flooding Impacts in Malawi**

Legend



NOAA VIIRS 5-day comp.: 16 – 20 Mar 2023



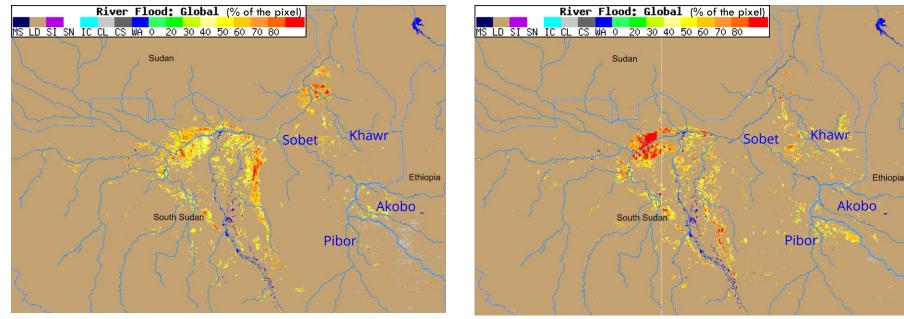
Inundated areas overlaid on ESA cropland

	Affected cropland in Hectares				
Admin_Name	1-100% water	40-100%			
	pixel	water pixel			
Machinga	25,730	24,483			
Chikwawa	11,955	11,472			
Nsanje	10,903	10,771			
Zomba	7,030	6,694			
Phalombe	6,906	6,721			
Mzimba	3,796	3,557			
Nkhotakota	2,685	1,786			
Kasungu	2,426	1,950			
Karonga	2,381	1,507			
Salima	2,307	1,919			
Mangochi	1,381	1,196			
Mulanje	1,185	1,148			
Ntcheu	1,165	698			
Rumphi	1,086	999			
Nkhata Bay	935	630			
Dedza	706	451			
Lilongwe	467	327			
Dowa	414	288			
Balaka	384	367			
Mwanza	241	195			
Blantyre	209	209			
Mchinji	183	137			
Thyolo	5	4			
Likoma	3	3			

Impacted cropland by district



# **Flooding Conditions in South Sudan**



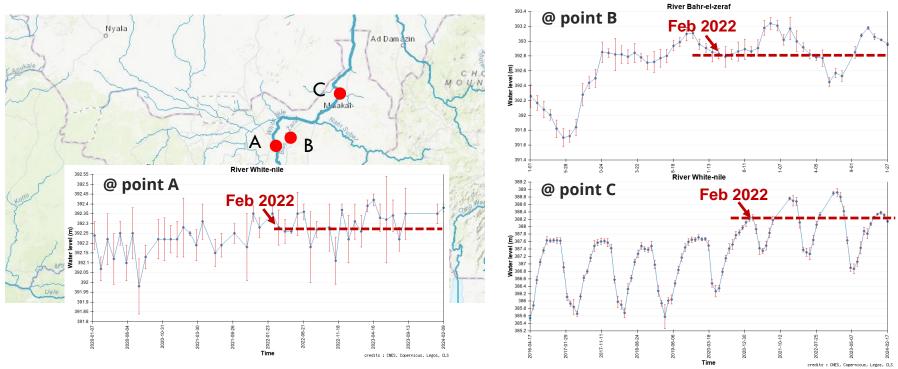
NOAA VIIRS 5-day comp.: 23 – 27 Feb 2022

NOAA VIIRS 5-day comp.: 15 - 19 Feb 2024

• Very similar pattern of inundation during Feb of 2022 and 2024. Additionally, there are more areas currently under water in the Khawr, Sobet, and Akobo catchments.

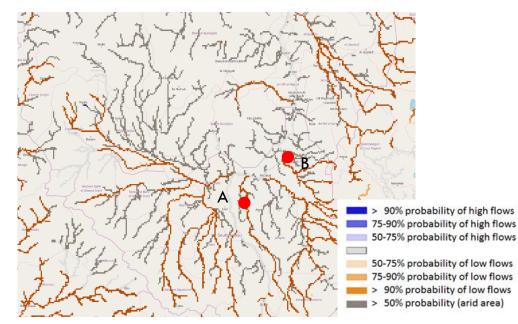


# **Elevated River Water Levels**



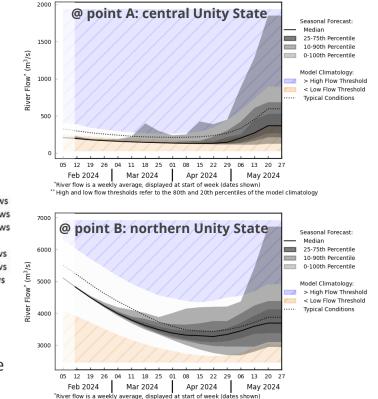
- Feb 2024 water levels in the Sudd Wetlands are higher compared to the water levels in Feb of 2022.
- Persistent high-water levels especially in the White Nile (Point A) through the dry season.

### **Seasonal Streamflow Forecast**



GloFAS streamflow forecast: Feb - May 2024

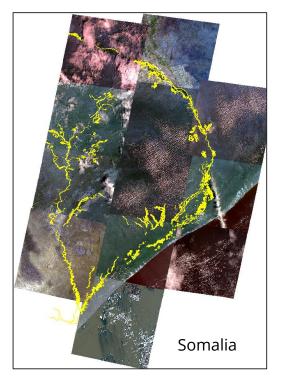
• Feb - May still in the dry period, streamflow likely to increase from May.

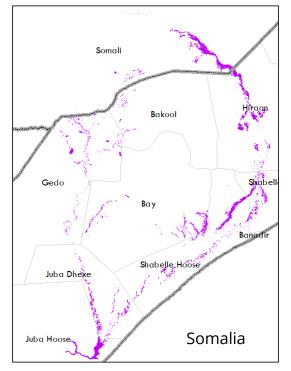


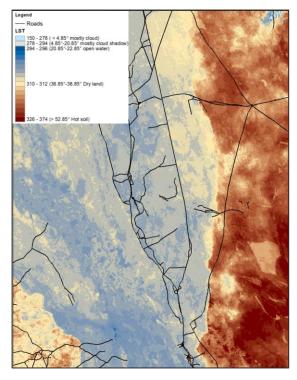
\*\* High and low flow thresholds refer to the 80th and 20th percentiles of the model climatology



# **Mapping Floods from Other Sources of Data**





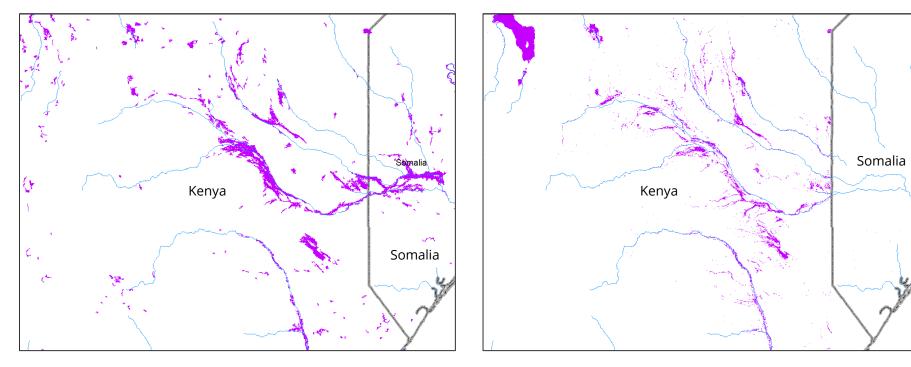


Oct-Dec 1997 Flooding from Landsat using AWEI (Automated Water Extraction Index) Feyisa et. al., 2014 method



Landsat Land Surface Temperature June 01, 2021 (South Sudan)

# **Comparison of the VIIRS Flood Maps**



- Oct-Nov 2023
- VIIRS at 375 m resolution

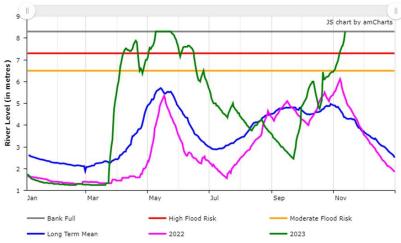


- Oct-Nov 2023
- FloodBase map at 10 m resolution (sentinel 1)

# **Observed Water Level**

River	Station	Date	Observed River Level (m)	Moderate Risk Levels (m)	High Risk Levels (m)	Bankfull (m)
Jubba River	Dollow	27-11- 2023	5.30	4.50	5.00	6.00
Jubba River	Luuq	27-11- 2023	7.00	5.50	6.00	7.00
Jubba River	Bardheere	08-11- 2023	10.40	7.40	8.20	10.40
Jubba River	Bualle	27-11- 2023	12.00	9.00	10.00	12.00
Shabelle River	Belet Weyne	27-11- 2023	8.30	6.50	7.30	8.30
Shabelle River	Bulo Burti	27-11- 2023	8.00	6.50	7.20	8.00
Shabelle River	Jowhar	27-11- 2023	5.00	5.00	5.25	5.50

#### Observed Water Level at Belet Weyne: 13 Nov 2023

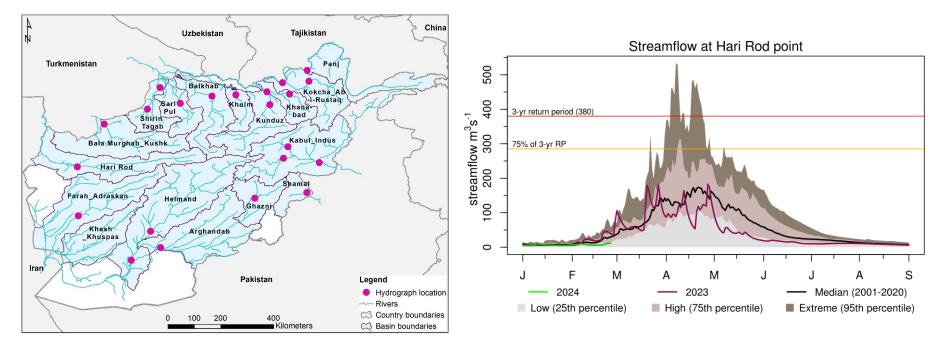


#### Gage Location: **RED** – at bankfull

- Somalia Water and Land Information Management (**SWALIM**) collects river water level data at 7 stations along Juba and Shabelle.
- Entire Juba River at bankfull with increasing magnitude at Bardheere and downstream.
- Shabelle at bankfull in Belet weyne and Bulo Burti (2 out of 3 locations) and at moderate risk of flooding near Jowhar.



# **Streamflow Monitoring System: Afghanistan**

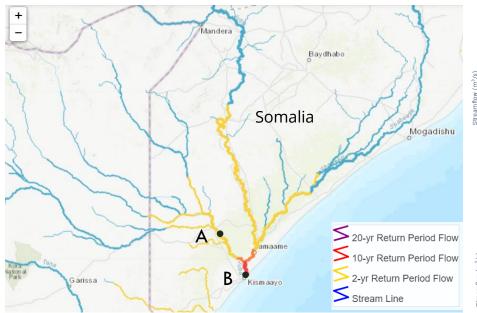


- We model streamflow utilizing NASA FEWS NET Land Data Assimilation System (FLDAS) platform, the NOAH3.6 Land Surface Model, and the HyMAP2 routing scheme.
- Daily streamflow estimates are available from Oct 2021 to present.

https://earlywarning.usgs.gov/fews/GDAS



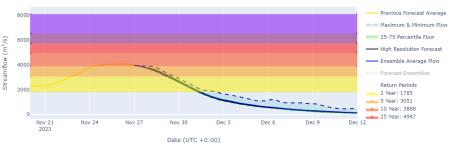
### **Two Weeks Streamflow Forecast**



GEOGIoWS Forecast.: 26 Nov - 12 Dec 2023

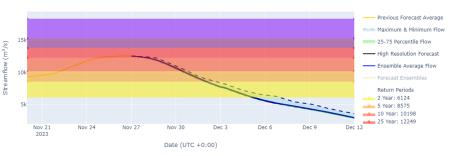
• Juba discharges near the outlet are expected to be at 10-year return period level for the next few days.

Forecasted Streamflow @ point A: combined flow of Lagh Dera and Lagh Jura



Forecasted Streamflow Reach ID: 7072700

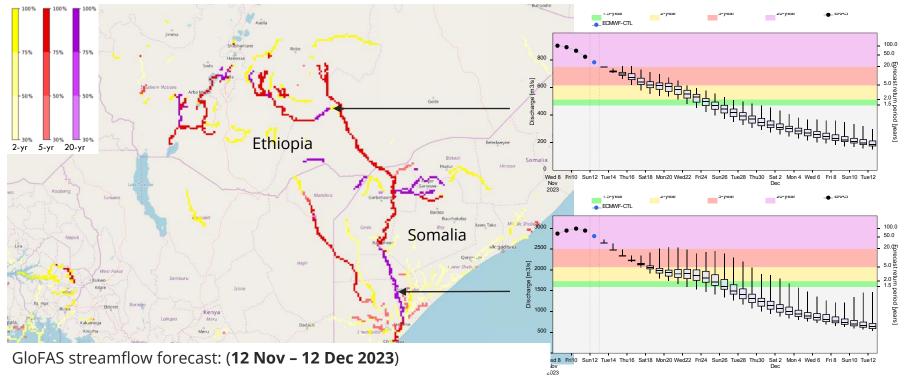
#### @ point B: on Juba River near outlet



GEOGloWS Forecast.: 26 Nov - 12 Dec 2023



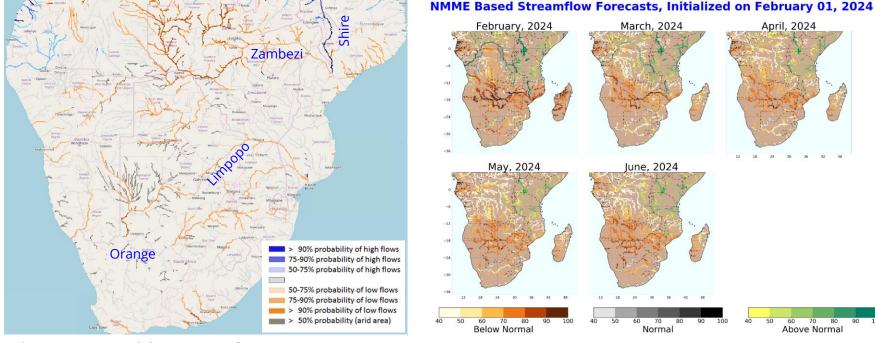
## **Monthly Streamflow Forecast**



High likelihood of Juba discharge in Ethiopia and Somalia to be at 5-yr to 20-yr return period level until late November.



## **Seasonal Streamflow Forecast**



GloFAS seasonal forecast Feb - May 2024

FLDAS monthly forecast **Feb - Jun 2024** <u>https://ldas.gsfc.nasa.gov/fldas</u>

• Average to below average streamflow is expected across much of Southern Africa except the Shire River.



## **Seasonal Streamflow Forecast**

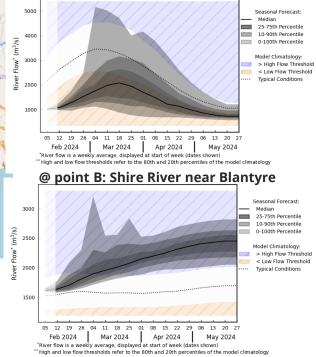


GloFAS seasonal forecast Feb - May 2024

- Well below average streamflow in the upstream of Zambezi River. Not good for Lake Kariba water level recovery.
- Above average streamflow in the Shire River. Flooding possible in southern Malawi.

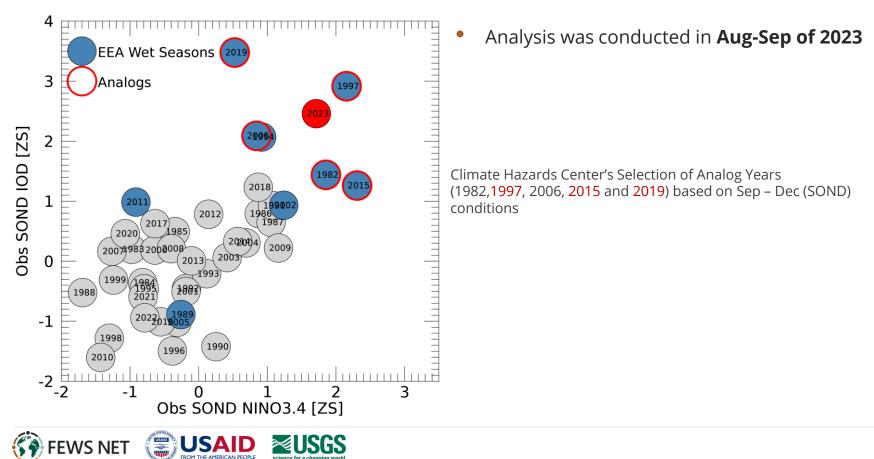




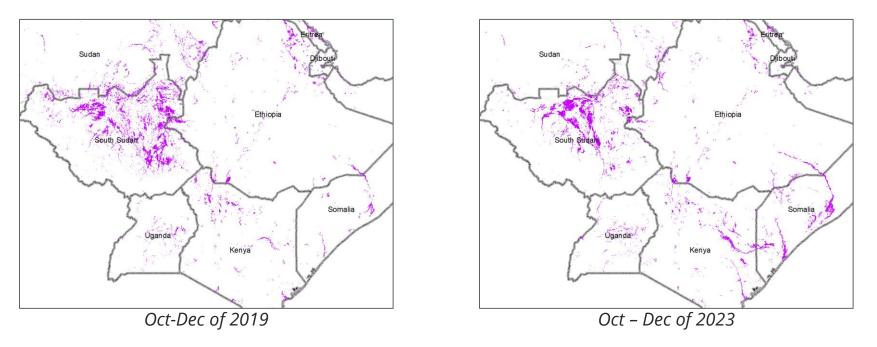


GloFAS monthly forecast (Feb - May 2024)

# Analog Years Based on IOD and Niño3.4



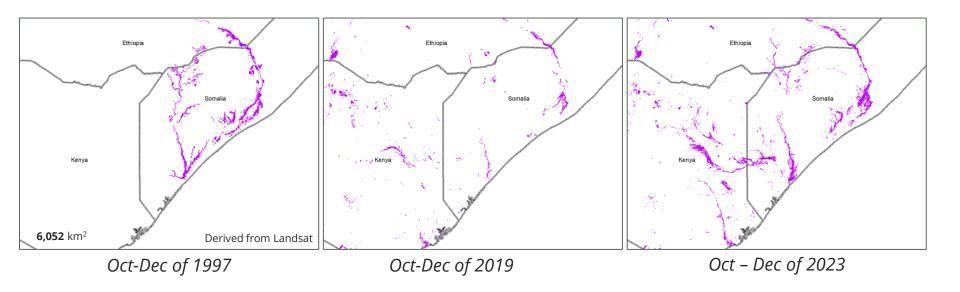
# **VIIRS Flood Maps for Analogs**



- Relatively less flooding in South Sudan but more in Kenya and Somalia compared to Oct-Dec flooding of 2019.
- Extensive geographical area over Kenya and Somalia compared to Oct-Dec flooding of 2019.



# Landsat & VIIRS Flood Maps for Analogs



- Oct-Dec 2023 inundation pattern in Ethiopia and Somalia is very similar to Oct-Dec flooding of 1997.
- Extensive geographical area compared to Oct-Dec flooding of 1997.



### Conclusions

- Regular monitoring and forecasting of floods is changing the dynamics of how flooding information is incorporated into food insecurity assessments.
- VIIRS flood products complemented by FloodBase maps providing the ongoing flooding conditions quite well.
- GEOGIoWS and monthly GIoFAS products providing the information for weekly monitoring and assessments.
- Four-month GloFAS providing flooding information for seasonal food insecurity outlooks.





Thank you Questions? Please feel free to email at spervez@usgs.gov

Signs of catastrophic peak flood water level in Malawi, Mar 2023

Flooding along Niger River in Nigeria, Sep 2022